



# Open Source Used In Stealthwatch App -- ETA Cryptographic Audit 3.2.0

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The basic library functions are written in C and are freestanding. Also included in the distribution is a set of C++ wrapper functions, and a just-in-time compiler that can be used to optimize pattern matching. These are both optional features that can be omitted when the library is built.

### THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

-----

Written by: Philip Hazel  
Email local part: ph10  
Email domain: cam.ac.uk

University of Cambridge Computing Service,  
Cambridge, England.

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### PCRE JUST-IN-TIME COMPILATION SUPPORT

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Written by: Zoltan Herczeg  
Email local part: hzmester  
Email domain: freemail.hu

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## 1.3 adduser 3.118

### 1.3.1 Available under license :

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Since Nov 27 1996, it was maintained by Guy Maor <maor@debian.org>. He rewrote most of it.

Since May 20 2000, it is maintained by Roland Bauerschmidt <rb@debian.org>.

Since March 24 2004, it is maintained by Roland Bauerschmidt <rb@debian.org>, and co-maintained by Marc Haber <mh+debian-packages@zugschlus.de>

Since 23 Oct 2005, it has been maintained by Joerg Hoh <joerg@joerghoh.de>

Since June 2006, it has been maintained by Stephen Gran <sgran@debian.org>

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and based on the source code of adduser.

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## 1.4 xz 5.2.4 1

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Format: <https://www.debian.org/doc/packaging-manuals/copyright-format/1.0/>

Upstream-Name: XZ Utils

Upstream-Contact:

Lasse Collin <lasse.collin@tukaani.org>

<https://tukaani.org/xz/lists.html>

Source:

<https://tukaani.org/xz>

<https://git.tukaani.org/xz.git>

Comment:

XZ Utils is developed and maintained upstream by Lasse Collin. Major portions are based on code by other authors; see AUTHORS for details.

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To: Jonathan Nieder <[jrnieder@gmail.com](mailto:jrnieder@gmail.com)>

Subject: Re: XZ utils for Debian

Date: Sun, 19 Jul 2009 13:28:23 +0300

Message-Id: <200907191328.23816.lasse.collin@tukaani.org>

.  
[...]

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changelog.gz (commit 975d8fd) explains:

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Other-Authors: Roland McGrath, Akim Demaille, Paul Eggert,

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Origin: configure.ac from XZ Utils,  
visibility.m4 serial 1 (gettext-0.15),  
Autoconf 2.52g

License: config-h

configure.ac:

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comments from Autoconf 2.52g:

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dos/config.h was generated with autoheader, which tells Autoconf to  
output a script to generate a config.h file and then runs it.

Files: po/Makevars

Origin: gettext-runtime/po/Makevars (gettext-0.12)

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## 1.11 pam 1.3.1-5

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## 1.14 rsync 3.1.3 6

## 1.14.1 Available under license :

This is Debian's prepackaged version of Andrew Tridgell and Paul Mackerras' rsync utility.

This package provides the rsync program, which is a replacement for rcp that uses the rsync algorithm to transfer only the differences between two sets of files.

This package was put together by Philip Hands <phil@hands.com>, from sources obtained from:

<http://rsync.samba.org/ftp/rsync/rsync-2.5.4.tar.gz>

The current version was downloaded from:

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on 2018-12-02 by Samuel Henrique <samuelp@debian.org>.

The changes were very minimal - merely adding support for the Debian package maintenance scheme by adding various debian/\* files.

The only significant change is passing the -4 / -6 options through to ssh. See the debian/patches/ directory.

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## 1.15 debianutils 4.8.6.1

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.if n .sp
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.ft CW
.nf
.ne \\$1
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.de Ve \" End verbatim text
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.ds C+ C\v'-.1v'h'-1p's-2+h'-1p'+\s0\v'.1v'h'-1p'
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.\"
.\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(.g .ds Aq \|(aq
.el .ds Aq '
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.\" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index

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..
.nr rF 0
.if \n(.g .if rF .nr rF 1
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..
.  if !\nF==2 \{\
.    nr % 0
.    nr F 2
.  \}
. \}
.\}
.rr rF
.\"
.\" Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
.\" Fear. Run. Save yourself. No user-serviceable parts.
.  \" fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.  ds #H 0
.  ds #V .8m
.  ds #F .3m
.  ds #[ \f1
.  ds #] \fP
.\}
.if t \{\
.  ds #H ((1u-(\\n(.fu%2u)).13m)
.  ds #V .6m
.  ds #F 0
.  ds #[ \&
.  ds #] \&
.\}
.  \" simple accents for nroff and troff
.if n \{\
.  ds ' \&
.  ds ` \&
.  ds ^ \&
.  ds , \&
.  ds ~ ~
.  ds /
.\}
.if t \{\

```

```

. ds ` \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu*8/10-)*(\#H)^\`h'\|n:u'
. ds ^ \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu*8/10-)*(\#H)^\`h'\|n:u'
. ds ^ \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu*10/11-)*(\#H)^\`h'\|n:u'
. ds , \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu*8/10)',\h'\|n:u'
. ds ~ \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu-)*(\#H-.1m)'\~h'\|n:u'
. ds / \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu*8/10-)*(\#H)\z(\sl\h'\|n:u'
.\}

. \| troff and (daisy-wheel) nroff accents
.ds : \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu*8/10-)*(\#H+.1m+)*(\#F)\v'-)*(\#V)\z.\h'.2m+)*(\#F'.\h'\|n:u'\v'*(#V'
.ds 8 \h'*(\#H'(\#b\h'-)*(\#H'
.ds o \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu+\w'\(de'u-)*(\#H)/2u'\v'-.3n)*(\#[z(\de\v'.3n\h'\|n:u'*(#)
.ds d- \h'*(\#H'(\pd\h'-\w'\~u'\v'-.25m'\f2(\hy\fp\v'.25m\h'-)*(\#H'
.ds D- D\|k:\h'-\w'D'u'\v'-.11m'\z(\hy\v'.11m\h'\|n:u'
.ds th \*(#[[v'.3m\|s+1I\|s-1\v'-.3m\h'-(\w'I'u*2/3)\|s-1o\|s+1]*(\#)
.ds Th \*(#[[s+2I\|s-2\h'-\w'I'u*3/5\v'-.3m'o\v'.3m]*(\#)
.ds ae a\h'-(\w'a'u*4/10)'e
.ds Ae A\h'-(\w'A'u*4/10)'E
. \| corrections for vroff
.if v .ds ~ \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu*9/10-)*(\#H)\|s-2\|u~\d\|s+2\h'\|n:u'
.if v .ds ^ \|k:\h'-(\|n(.wu*10/11-)*(\#H)\v'-.4m^\v'.4m\h'\|n:u'
. \| for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
.if \|n(.H>23 .if \|n(.V>19 \|
\{\
. ds : e
. ds 8 ss
. ds o a
. ds d- d\h'-1\|(ga
. ds D- D\h'-1\|(hy
. ds th \o'bp'
. ds Th \o'LP'
. ds ae ae
. ds Ae AE
.\}
.rm #[ #] #H #V #F C
.\" =====
.\"
.IX Title "GPL 7"
.TH GPL 7 "2019-02-22" "gcc-8.3.0" "GNU"
.\" For nroff, turn off justification. Always turn off hyphenation; it makes
.\" way too many mistakes in technical documents.
.if n .ad l
.nh
.SH "NAME"
gpl \- GNU General Public License
.SH "DESCRIPTION"
.IX Header "DESCRIPTION"
.SS "\s-1GNU\s0 General Public License"
.IX Subsection "GNU General Public License"

```



.SS "Version 3, 29 June 2007"

.IX Subsection "Version 3, 29 June 2007"

.Vb 1

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.Ve

.SS "Preamble"

.IX Subsection "Preamble"

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.PP

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.PP

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.PP

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.PP

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.PP

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.PP

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changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

.PP

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the \s-1GPL\s0 to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the \s-1GPL,\s0 as needed to protect the freedom of users.

.PP

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the \s-1GPL\s0 assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

.PP

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

.SS "\s-1TERMS AND CONDITIONS\s0"

.IX Subsection "TERMS AND CONDITIONS"

.IP "0. Definitions." 4

.IX Item "0. Definitions."

\&\\*(L"This License\\*(R" refers to version 3 of the \s-1GNU\s0 General Public License.

.Sp

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.Sp

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.Sp

A \\*(L"covered work\\*(R" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

.Sp

To \\*(L"propagate\\*(R" a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a

computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

.Sp

To \\*(L"convey\\*(R" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

.Sp

An interactive user interface displays \\*(L"Appropriate Legal Notices\\*(R" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

.IP "1. Source Code." 4

.IX Item "1. Source Code."

The \\*(L"source code\\*(R" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. \\*(L"Object code\\*(R" means any non-source form of a work.

.Sp

A \\*(L"Standard Interface\\*(R" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

.Sp

The \\*(L"System Libraries\\*(R" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A \&\\*(L"Major Component\\*(R", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

.Sp

The \\*(L"Corresponding Source\\*(R" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically

linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

.Sp

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

.IP "2. Basic Permissions." 4

.IX Item "2. Basic Permissions."

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.Sp

Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

.IP "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law." 4

.IX Item "3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law."

No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the \s-1WIPO\s0 copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.

.Sp

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.IP "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies." 4

.IX Item "4. Conveying Verbatim Copies."

You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

.Sp

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

.IP "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions." 4

.IX Item "5. Conveying Modified Source Versions."

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

.RS 4

.IP "a." 4

.IX Item "a."

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

.IP "b." 4

.IX Item "b."

The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to \\*(L"keep intact all notices\\*(R".

.IP "c." 4

.IX Item "c."

You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

.IP "d." 4

.IX Item "d."

If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

.RE

.RS 4

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A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent

works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an `&*(L"aggregate"*(R` if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

.RE

.IP "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms." 4

.IX Item "6. Conveying Non-Source Forms."

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

.RS 4

.IP "a." 4

.IX Item "a."

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

.IP "b." 4

.IX Item "b."

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

.IP "c." 4

.IX Item "c."

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

.IP "d." 4

.IX Item "d."

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy

the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

.IP "e." 4

.IX Item "e."

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

.RE

.RS 4

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A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

.Sp

A \\*(L"User Product\\*(R" is either (1) a \\*(L"consumer product\\*(R", which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, \&\\*(L"normally used\\*(R" refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

.Sp

\&\\*(L"Installation Information\\*(R" for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

.Sp

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied

by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in \s-1ROM\s0).

.Sp

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

.Sp

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

.RE

.IP "7. Additional Terms." 4

.IX Item "7. Additional Terms."

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.RS 4

.IP "a." 4

.IX Item "a."

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.IP "b." 4

.IX Item "b."



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.IP "c." 4

.IX Item "c."

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.IP "d." 4

.IX Item "d."

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.IP "e." 4

.IX Item "e."

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.IP "f." 4

.IX Item "f."

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.RE

.RS 4

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.Sp

If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the applicable terms.

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.RE

.IP "8. Termination." 4

.IX Item "8. Termination."

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.IX Item "9. Acceptance Not Required for Having Copies."

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.IX Item "10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients."

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.IP "11. Patents." 4

.IX Item "11. Patents."

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.IP "12. No Surrender of Others' Freedom." 4

.IX Item "12. No Surrender of Others' Freedom."

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.IP "13. Use with the `GNU Affero General Public License`." 4

.IX Item "13. Use with the GNU Affero General Public License."

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.IP "15. Disclaimer of Warranty." 4

.IX Item "15. Disclaimer of Warranty."

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.IP "16. Limitation of Liability." 4

.IX Item "16. Limitation of Liability."

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.IP "17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16." 4

.IX Item "17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16."

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.SS "\s-1END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS\, \s0"

.IX Subsection "END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS"

.SS "How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs"

.IX Subsection "How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs"

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.PP

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the \\*(L"copyright\\*(R" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

.PP

.Vb 2

\& <one line to give the program\\*(Aqs name and a brief idea of what it does.>

\& Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

\&

\& This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

\&

\& This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

\&

\& You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program. If not, see <<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>.

.Ve

.PP

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

.PP

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

.PP

.Vb 4

\& <program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

\& This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type "show w".

\& This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it

\& under certain conditions; type "show c" for details.

.Ve

.PP

The hypothetical commands \fBshow w\fR and \fBshow c\fR should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a \s-1GUI\s0 interface, you would use an \\*(L"about box\\*(R".

.PP

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.SH "SEE ALSO"

.IX Header "SEE ALSO"

\&\fBgfdl\fR\|(7), \fBfsf-funding\fR\|(7).

.SH "COPYRIGHT"

.IX Header "COPYRIGHT"

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#!/usr/bin/python

#

# Copyright (C) 2013-2018 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

#

# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)  
# any later version.

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files

# so that they have the form:

#

# Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.

#

# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or

# that carries a non-FSF copyright.

```

#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
# update-copyright.py --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
# update-copyright.py --this-year libitm
#
# would run the script on just libitm/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

```

```

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

```

```

class Errors:

```

```

    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

```

```

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
            sys.stderr.write(string + '\n')
            self.num_errors += 1

```

```

    def ok(self):
        return self.num_errors == 0

```

```

class GenericFilter:

```

```

    def __init__(self):

```



```
self.skip_files = set()
self.skip_dirs = set()
self.skip_extensions = set()
self.fossilised_files = set()
self.own_files = set()

self.skip_files |= set ([
    # Skip licence files.
    'COPYING',
    'COPYING.LIB',
    'COPYING3',
    'COPYING3.LIB',
    'LICENSE',
    'fdl.texi',
    'gpl_v3.texi',
    'fdl-1.3.xml',
    'gpl-3.0.xml',

    # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
    'aclocal.m4',
    'compile',
    'config.guess',
    'config.sub',
    'depcomp',
    'install-sh',
    'libtool.m4',
    'ltmain.sh',
    'ltoptions.m4',
    'ltsugar.m4',
    'ltversion.m4',
    'lt~obsolete.m4',
    'missing',
    'mkdep',
    'mkinstalldirs',
    'move-if-change',
    'shlibpath.m4',
    'symlink-tree',
    'ylwrap',

    # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
    'gnu.texi',
    'funding.texi',
    'appendix_free.xml',

    # Skip imported texinfo files.
    'texinfo.tex',
])
```

```

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')

    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True

        # Skip files produced by autogen
        if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
            and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
            return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
            return True

    return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

```

```

class Copyright:
    def __init__(self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s])\s+and\s+[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '[\w.,-]'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile(ranges + '|' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile (
            # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
            '[Cc]opyright'
            '[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
            '[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
            '[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
            '[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{ }'
            'copyright = u\"
            '@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

            # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
            # we can remove any excess.
            '(s*(?:' + ranges + ',?)'
            '@value\{[\^{}]*\})s*)'

            # 3: 'by ', if used
            '(by\s+)?'

            # 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
            # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
            # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
            '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*?)'

        # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
        # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
        # HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
        self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
            re.IGNORECASE)

        self.comment_re = re.compile('#+[*]+;+%+//+|@c |dnl ')
        self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }

```

```

self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ', '.
self.separator = ' '

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

```

```

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
        if after_years != "":
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'trailing characters in @set: '
                                + after_years)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

```

```

else:
    # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
    while not self.is_complete (match):
        try:
            next_line = file.next()
        except StopIteration:
            break

        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
            break

        # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
        orig_line += next_line
        line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
        next_line = None

        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
        assert match

holder = match.group (4)

# Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report (pathname,
                        'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
           + canon_form

```

```

        + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

# Update the copyright years.
years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start (2)]
        + (' if intro.startswith ('copyright = ') else ' ')
        + canon_form + self.separator
        + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
    intro += ' (C)'
elif intro.endswith (('c')):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
    mode = None
    with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        mode = os.fstat (file.fileno()).st_mode
        for line in file:

```

```

while line:
    next_line = None
    # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
    if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
        match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
        if match:
            res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                         file, line, match)
            (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
            changed = changed or this_changed

        # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
        elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                               'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                               % line.strip())
        lines.append (line)
        line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write (line)
        os.fchmod (file.fileno(), mode)
    if self.use_quilt:
        subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
    os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                  % os.path.join (dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()

```



```

self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
self.dirs = []
self.default_dirs = []
self.chosen_dirs = []
self.option_handlers = dict()
self.option_help = []

self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                self.o_quilt)
self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                self.o_this_year)

def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                    'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s\n'
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)

```

```

elif arg in self.option_handlers:
    self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
else:
    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
if self.errors.ok():
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.o_help()
    else:
        for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
            canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, "")
            count = 0
            for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                    count += 1
                    self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
            if count == 0:
                self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                    + chosen_dir)
sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

```

#-----

```

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

```

```

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

```

```

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
        pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
        with open (pathname) as file:
            # Skip files imported from gettext.
            if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

```

```

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

```

```

self.skip_files |= set ([
    # Not part of GCC
    'math-68881.h',

```

```

    ])

self.skip_dirs |= set ([
    # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
    'ada',

    # Handled separately.
    'testsuite',
    ])

self.skip_extensions |= set ([
    # Maintained by the translation project.
    '.po',

    # Automatically-generated.
    '.pot',
    ])

self.fossilised_files |= set ([
    # Old news won't be updated.
    'ONEWS',
    ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Don't change the tests, which could be woened by anyone.
        '.c',
        '.C',
        '.cc',
        '.h',
        '.hs',
        '.f',
        '.f90',
        '.go',
        '.inc',
        '.java',
        ])

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        # Similarly params/README.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'params':

```

```

        return True
    if filename == 'pdt_5.f03' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'gfortran.dg':
    return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',

            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
        ])

        self.own_files |= set ([
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.

```

```

        'spine.xml',
    ])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile ('//\ (C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
        self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author ('Intel Corporation')
        self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
        self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
        self.add_external_author ('NVIDIA Corporation')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')

```

```
self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
```

```
self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')
```

```
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
```

```
    def __init__ (self):
```

```
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)
```

```
        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
```

```
        # Boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
```

```
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
```

```
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
```

```
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
```

```
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
```

```
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('gotools')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('include')
```

```
        # intl is imported from upstream.
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libada')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libcc1')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
```

```
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
```

```
        # libgo is imported from upstream.
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libhsail-rt')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
```

```
        # liboffloadmic is imported from upstream.
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
```

```
        # libsanitizer is imported from upstream.
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libssp')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
```

```
        self.add_dir ('libvtv')
```

```
        self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
```

```
        # maintainer-scripts maintainer-scripts
```

```
        # zlib is imported from upstream.
```

```
        self.default_dirs = [
```

```
            'gcc',
```

```
            'include',
```

```
            'libada',
```

```
            'libatomic',
```

```
'libbacktrace',  
'libcc1',  
'libcpp',  
'libdecnumber',  
'libgcc',  
'libgfortran',  
'libgomp',  
'libhsail-rt',  
'libiberty',  
'libitm',  
'libobjc',  
'libssp',  
'libstdc++-v3',  
'libvtv',  
'lto-plugin',  
]
```

GCCCmdLine().main()

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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@enumerate 0

@item Definitions.

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A ``covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

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An interactive user interface displays ``Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

@item Source Code.

The ``source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. ``Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A ``Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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@item

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

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Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

@item

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

@item

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

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@smallexample

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

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If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

@smallexample

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This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.

This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.

@end smallexample

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@c man end

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\emph{%(tool)s, The %(name)s Development Environment}

\emph{%(edition)s}

\begin{DUlineblock}{0em}

\item[] Version %(version)s

\item[] Date: %(date)s

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AdaCore

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

## GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

### TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for

making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work

during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally



accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

8. You may not copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License. However, parties who have received copies, or rights, from you under this License will not have their licenses terminated so long as such parties remain in full compliance.

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10. Each time you redistribute the Library (or any work based on the Library), the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensor to copy, distribute, link with or modify the Library subject to these terms and conditions. You may not impose any further restrictions on the recipients' exercise of the rights granted herein. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this License.

11. If, as a consequence of a court judgment or allegation of patent infringement or for any other reason (not limited to patent issues), conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or

otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot distribute so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not distribute the Library at all. For example, if a patent license would not permit royalty-free redistribution of the Library by all those who receive copies directly or indirectly through you, then the only way you could satisfy both it and this License would be to refrain entirely from distribution of the Library.

If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply, and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

It is not the purpose of this section to induce you to infringe any patents or other property right claims or to contest validity of any such claims; this section has the sole purpose of protecting the integrity of the free software distribution system which is implemented by public license practices. Many people have made generous contributions to the wide range of software distributed through that system in reliance on consistent application of that system; it is up to the author/donor to decide if he or she is willing to distribute software through any other system and a licensee cannot impose that choice.

This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

12. If the distribution and/or use of the Library is restricted in certain countries either by patents or by copyrighted interfaces, the original copyright holder who places the Library under this License may add an explicit geographical distribution limitation excluding those countries, so that distribution is permitted only in or among countries not thus excluded. In such case, this License incorporates the limitation as if written in the body of this License.

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#### END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

##### How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU Lesser General Public License for more details.

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

```
<appendix xmlns="http://docbook.org/ns/docbook" version="5.0"
  xml:id="appendix.gpl-3.0"><info><title>
  <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License version 3
</title></info>
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<para>
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

```
</para>
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<para>
```

Copyright 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

<link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.fsf.org">http://www.fsf.org</link>

```
</para>
```

```
<para>
```

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

```
</para>
```

```
<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-preamble" renderas="sect1">
```

Preamble

</bridgehead>

<para>

The <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License is a free, copyleft license for software and other kinds of works.

</para>

<para>

The licenses for most software and other practical works are designed to take away your freedom to share and change the works. By contrast, the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License is intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change all versions of a program to make sure it remains free software for all its users. We, the Free Software Foundation, use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License for most of our software; it applies also to any other work released this way by its authors. You can apply it to your programs, too.

</para>

<para>

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs, and that you know you can do these things.

</para>

<para>

To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

</para>

<para>

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

</para>

<para>

Developers that use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym> protect your rights with two steps: (1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

</para>

<para>

For the developers and authors protection, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users and authors sake, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of

previous versions.

</para>

<para>

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the <acronym>GPL</acronym> to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the <acronym>GPL</acronym>, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

</para>

<para>

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

</para>

<para>

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

</para>

<bridgehead>

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

</bridgehead>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-definitions" renderas="sect1">

0. Definitions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

This License refers to version 3 of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License.

</para>

<para>

Copyright also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

</para>

<para>

The Program refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as you. Licensees and recipients may be individuals or organizations.

</para>

<para>

To modify a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of

the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a modified version of the earlier work or a work based on the earlier work.

</para>

<para>

A covered work means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

</para>

<para>

To propagate a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

</para>

<para>

To convey a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

</para>

<para>

An interactive user interface displays Appropriate Legal Notices to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="SourceCode" renderas="sect1">

1. Source Code.

</bridgehead>

<para>

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. Object code means any non-source form of a work.

</para>

<para>

A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

</para>

<para>

The System Libraries of an executable work include anything,

other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the works System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="BasicPermissions" renderas="sect1">

2. Basic Permissions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your rights of fair use or other equivalent, as provided by copyright law.

</para>

<para>

You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not convey, without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force. You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose of having them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you with facilities for



running those works, provided that you comply with the terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do not control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works for you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction and control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of your copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.

</para>

<para>

Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Protecting" renderas="sect1">

3. Protecting Users Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

</bridgehead>

<para>

No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.

</para>

<para>

When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the works users, your or third parties legal rights to forbid circumvention of technological measures.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingVerbatim" renderas="sect1">

4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey verbatim copies of the Programs source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

</para>

<para>

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">

5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all notices.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation users beyond what the individual works

permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

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</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the

Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

</para>

<para>

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<para>

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</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

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<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">

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<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">

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<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>

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</para>

</appendix>

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

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xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"><head><meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;
charset=UTF-8" /><title>License</title><meta name="generator" content="DocBook XSL Stylesheets Vsnapshot"
/><meta name="keywords" content="ISO C++, library" /><meta name="keywords" content="ISO C++, runtime,
library" /><link rel="home" href=" ../index.html" title="The GNU C++ Library" /><link rel="up" href="status.html"
title="Chapter1.Status" /><link rel="prev" href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link rel="next"
href="bugs.html" title="Bugs" /></head><body><div class="navheader"><table width="100%"
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align="left"><a accesskey="p" href="status.html">Prev</a></td><th width="60%"
align="center">Chapter1.Status</th><td width="20%" align="right"><a accesskey="n"
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```

```
Everyoneispermittedtocopyanddistributeverbatimcopiesofthis<br />
licensedocument,butchangingitisnotallowed.<br />
<br />
```

```
ThisGCCRuntimeLibraryException("Exception")isanadditional<br />
permissionundersection7oftheGNUGeneralPublicLicense,version<br />
3("GPLv3").Itappliestoagivenfile(the"RuntimeLibrary")that<br />
bearsanoticeplacedbythecopyrightholderofthefilestatingthat<br />
thefileisgovernedbyGPLv3alongwiththisException.<br />
<br />
```

```
WhenyouuseGCCtocompileaprogram,GCCmaycombineportionsof<br />
certainGCCheaderfilesandruntimelibrarieswiththecompiled<br />
program.ThepurposeofthisExceptionistoallowcompilationof<br />
non-GPL(includingproprietary)programstouse,inthisway,the<br />
headerfilesandruntimelibrariescoveredbythisException.<br />
<br />
```

```
0.Definitions.<br />
```

```
<br />
Afileisan"IndependentModule"ifiteitherrequirestheRuntime<br />
LibraryforexecutionafteraCompilationProcess,ormakesuseofan<br />
interfaceprovidedbytheRuntimeLibrary,butisnototherwisebased<br />
ontheRuntimeLibrary.<br />
<br />
```

```
"GCC"meansaversionoftheGNUCompilerCollection,withorwithout<br />
modifications,governedbyversion3(oraspecifiedlaterversion)of<br />
theGNUGeneralPublicLicense(GPL)withtheoptionofusingany<br />
subsequentversionspublishedbytheFSF.<br />
```

```
<br />
"GPL-compatibleSoftware"isssoftwarewhoseconditionsofpropagation,<br />
modificationandusewouldpermitcombinationwithGCCinaccordwith<br />
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```

```
<br />
```

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```
/* Definitions for BSD assembler syntax for Intel 386
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   adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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```

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```
/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */
```

```
/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */
```

```
/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
   underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
   be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */
```

```
#define LPREFIX "L"
```

```

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) \
printf (FILE, "\t.space " HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
fprintf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
fprintf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
fprintf ((FILE), "%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

```

```

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
printf ((BUF), "%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

```

```

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

```

```

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

```

```

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */

```

```

#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

```

```

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */

```

```

#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

```

```

=====
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```

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# 1.23 findutils 4.6.0+git+20190209 2

## 1.23.1 Available under license :

It was downloaded from <ftp://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/findutils>

Debian maintainer history: The original package was put together by Ian Murdock <imurdock@debian.org>, afterwards Kevin Dalley <kevind@rahul.net> took over. 2003-07 Andreas Metzler <ametzler@debian.org> followed.

Upstream Authors:

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The idea for `-print0` and `xargs -0` came from Dan Bernstein <brnstnd@kramden.acf.nyu.edu>.

Improvements have been made by James Youngman <jay@gnu.org>.

\* GNU xargs was originally written by Mike Rendell, with enhancements by David MacKenzie. Modifications by James Youngman Dmitry V. Levin

\* GNU locate and its associated utilities were originally written by James Woods, with enhancements by David MacKenzie, James Youngman and Bas van Gompel.

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Upstream source <http://invisible-island.net/mawk/mawk.html>

Current maintainer: Thomas Dickey <[dickey@invisible-island.net](mailto:dickey@invisible-island.net)>

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Files: debian/\*

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## 1.29 go-playground-validator v10.4.1

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## 1.30 udev 241 7~deb10u7

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## 1.31 libsepol 2.8 1

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## 1.33 base-files 10.3+deb10u9

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```
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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
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```

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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```
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program `Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes  
at assemblers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## 1.34 zlib 1.2.8

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## 1.36 popt 1.16-12

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## 1.38 richardlehane-mscfb v1.0.3

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## 1.39 scowl 2018.04.16-1

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Files-Excluded-regen-configure: bin/\*

Upstream-Name: perl

Source: <http://www.perl.com/CPAN/src/5.0/>

Comment:

This package was debianized by Brendan O'Dea <bod@debian.org> on Thu, 17 Aug 2000 16:10:54 +1000.

Upstream Authors:

Larry Wall et. al. (see /usr/share/doc/perl/AUTHORS).

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cpan/Locale-Maketext-Simple/t/po\_with\_i\_default/fr.po

cpan/Locale-Maketext-Simple/t/po\_with\_i\_default/en.po

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cpan/bignum/\*

cpan/Tie-RefHash/\*

cpan/Win32API-File/\*

dist/ExtUtils-Install/\*

dist/Math-BigInt/\*

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dist/autouse/\*  
dist/base/\*  
dist/constant/\*  
dist/Devel-SelfStubber/\*  
dist/Dumpvalue/\*  
dist/Env/\*  
dist/ExtUtils-Command/\*  
dist/ExtUtils-Manifest/\*  
dist/I18N-Collate/\*  
dist/Safe/\*  
ext/Fcntl/\*  
ext/FileCache/\*  
ext/GDBM\_File/\*  
ext/IPC-Open2/\*  
ext/IPC-Open3/\*  
ext/NDBM\_File/\*  
ext/ODBM\_File/\*  
ext/Opcode/\*  
ext/PerlIO-encoding/\*  
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## 1.43 procps 3.3.15-2

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.



Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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## 1.44 gmp 6.1.2+dfsg-4

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Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

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## 1.45 libgrypt 1.8.4 5

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Original code for cipher/rfc2268.c.

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src/Makefile.am, src/secmem.c, mpi/hppa1.1/mpih-mul3.S,  
mpi/hppa1.1/udiv-qrnnd.S, mpi/hppa1.1/mpih-mul2.S,  
mpi/hppa1.1/mpih-mul1.S, mpi/Makefile.am, tests/prime.c,  
tests/register.c, tests/ac.c, tests/basic.c, tests/tsexp.c,  
tests/keygen.c, tests/pubkey.c, configure.ac, acinclude.m4)

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(Added OFB mode. Changed cipher/cipher.c, test/basic.c doc/gcrypt.tex.  
added SHA-224, changed cipher/sha256.c, added HMAC tests.)

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LIBGCRYPT Werner Dittmann 2009-05-20

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Libgcrypt used to be part of GnuPG but has been taken out into its own package on 2000-12-21.

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The ECC code cipher/ecc.c was based on code by Sergi Blanch i Torne,

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## 1.48 libidn 2.0.5 1+deb10u1

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## 1.52 libffi 3.2.1 9

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## 1.62 base-passwd 3.5.46

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Name: base-passwd

Maintainer: Colin Watson <cjwatson@debian.org>

Files: update-passwd.c, man/\*

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Files: passwd.master, group.master

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X-Notes: Originally written by Ian Murdock <imurdock@debian.org> and

Bruce Perens <bruce@pixar.com>.

Files: doc/\*

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Upstream source <https://invisible-island.net/ncurses/ncurses-examples.html>

Current ncurses maintainer: Thomas Dickey <[dickey@invisible-island.net](mailto:dickey@invisible-island.net)>

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```
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Upstream source https://invisible-island.net/ncurses/ncurses.html
This package is used for testing builds of ncurses.
```

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## 1.69 libsemanage 2.8-2

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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## 1.70 iconv 2.28

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# 1.74 bzip2 1.0.6 9.2~deb10u1

## 1.74.1 Available under license :

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Julian Seward, jseward@acm.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.8 of 13 July 2019  
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# 1.75 e2fsprogs 1.44.5 1+deb10u3

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the static EXT2 file system consistency checker (e2fsck.static). The EXT2 utilities were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card <card@masi.ibp.fr>.

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

-----  
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

\*/

/\*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
- + trivial database library - standalone version
  
- trivial database library - private includes
- 
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell            2005
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23-June-2007

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```

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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!  
This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by  
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

Upstream Author: Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu>

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the ss command-line interface parsing library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:  
tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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#

# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared libraries.

#

# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

#

# BSDLIB\_VERSION = 1.0

# BSDLIB\_IMAGE = libce

# BSDLIB\_MYDIR = et

# BSDLIB\_INSTALL\_DIR = \$(SHLIBDIR)

```

#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: $(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS_SHLIB) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;' /$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB)`)

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)

```

This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the Common Error Description library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:  
[tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/](http://tsx-11.mit.edu/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/)

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
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```

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## 1.76 gnutls 3.6.7-4+deb10u6

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#####

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## 1.77 sed 4.7 1

### 1.77.1 Available under license :

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It is currently maintained by Clint Adams <[clint@debian.org](mailto:clint@debian.org)>



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## 1.78 systemd 241 7~deb10u7

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Version 2, June 1991

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# 1.79 elfutils 0.176 1.1

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## 1.81 openssl 1.1.1k

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\*

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## 1.90 glibc 2.28-10

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```
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```
# COPYING.other          -*- org -*-
#+TITLE: List of code with permissive licenses as used by GnuPG.
#+STARTUP: showall
```

```
* DNS resolver (dirmngr/dns.c)
```

dns.c - Recursive, Reentrant DNS Resolver.

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2003, Clint Adams <schizo@debian.org> Mon, 10 Mar 2003 02:10:32 -0500

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Upstream-Name: Zstd

Source: <https://github.com/facebook/zstd>

Files-Excluded: appveyor.yml

circle.yml

build/\*

programs/windres/\*

.travis.yml  
.buckversion  
.buckconfig  
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Files: \*

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Comment: Starting from 1.3.1 zstd's patent claim is removed

see: <https://github.com/facebook/zstd/pull/801>

Files: zlibWrapper/examples/\*.c

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Files: zlibWrapper/gz\*.c

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

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You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301 USA

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General Public License instead of this License.

# 1.101 richardlehane-msoleps v1.0.1

## 1.101.1 Available under license :

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
// Copyright 2015 Richard Lehane. All rights reserved.  
// Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");  
// you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.  
// You may obtain a copy of the License at  
// http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0  
// distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-  
zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/vectorArray.go  
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
// Copyright 2014 Richard Lehane. All rights reserved.  
// Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");  
// you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
```

```
// You may obtain a copy of the License at
// http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
// distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/sets.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/types.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/property.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/msoleps.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/date.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/guid.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/strings.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/currency.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/numeric.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/filetime.go
* /opt/cola/permits/1168752380_1632740482.7/0/v1-0-1-4-zip/github.com/richardlehane/msoleps@v1.0.1/types/decimal.go
```

# 1.102 cracklib 2.9.6-2

## 1.102.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public



Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

^L

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be

consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a

"work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

^L

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Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)

will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

-----  
EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

-----  
Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML  
looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=  
r=20  
GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18  
I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point, it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan  
=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679  
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...  
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of  
> Mike Frysinger  
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM  
> To: cracklib-devel@li...  
> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
>=20  
> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing  
> libraries under  
> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists  
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly  
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20  
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=  
=20  
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=  
eir=20  
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =  
a=20  
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=  
=20  
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
=20  
=20mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46  
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done

much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan

=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM

> To: Neulinger, Nathan

> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett

> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> > I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec

> directly

> > and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this

> point,

> > it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what

> it was

> > released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a

> > clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

>=20

> the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was

> not

> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the

> license

> change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

>=20

> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib

> unless their

> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the

> place of a

> library to dictact to application writes what license they should

> be using.

> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro

> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
> bit of  
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's  
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting  
it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and  
will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code  
(where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct  
license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>> bit of  
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>> by me.

>

> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>

> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable

timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>>> bit of  
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>>> by me.

>>

>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>>

>> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
>> linked with any code, not just GPL...

>

> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable  
> timeframe.

>

> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,  
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the  
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the  
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages  
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

>

> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

> >> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

> >

> > looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we  
> > make the change now ?

>

> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

-----  
BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.  
-----

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

-----



From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007  
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umsr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umsr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500  
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umsr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500  
Received: (gmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)  
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umsr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])  
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623  
for <nneul@umsr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500  
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])  
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311  
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)  
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])  
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)  
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L  
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000  
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)  
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>  
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umsr.edu>  
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed  
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>  
Subject: Re: cracklib license  
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100  
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>  
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)  
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]  
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com  
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]  
Status: RO  
Content-Length: 585  
Lines: 21

>  
> ----- Forwarded message -----  
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umsr.edu>  
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM  
> Subject: RE: cracklib license  
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk

- >
- > Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
- > that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
- > email
- > in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
- > original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
- > would be
- > ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

## 1.103 goprotobuf v1.4.2

### 1.103.1 Available under license :

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# 1.104 init-system-helpers 1.56+nmu1

## 1.104.1 Available under license :

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Files: \*

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Files: debian/\*

Copyright: 2013 Michael Stapelberg <stapelberg@debian.org>

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Files: script/service man8/service.rst

Copyright: 2006 Red Hat, Inc

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License: GPL-2+

Files: script/invoke-rc.d man8/invoke-rc.d.rst

Copyright: 2000,2001 Henrique de Moraes Holschuh <hmh@debian.org>

License: GPL-2+

Files: script/update-rc.d man8/update-rc.d.rst

Copyright: 1997-2005 Miquel van Smoorenburg <miquels@cistron.nl>

Members of the pkg-sysvinit project

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## 1.105 libcap-ng 0.7.9 2

### 1.105.1 Available under license :

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To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or



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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

^L

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a

copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

^L

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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